Mountain Education Center, Inc. Audited Financial Statements June 30, 2020

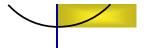
Mountain Education Center, Inc. Table of Contents

Table of Contents				
Report of Independent Auditors	Page(s) 1-2			
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-7			
Basic Financial Statements				
Statement of Net Position	. 8			
Statement of Activities	9			
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	10			
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds with the Statement of Net Position	11			
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12			
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances with the Statement of Activities	13			
Notes to the Financial Statements	14-35			
Required Supplementary Information				
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability- Teachers' and Employees Retirement System of Georgia and Net OPEB Liability – Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund	36-37			
Schedule of Contributions - Teachers' and Employees Retirement System of Georgia and Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund	38-39			
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	40-41			
Single Audit, Compliance and Internal Control Reports				
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	42			
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards	43			
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	44-45			
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	46-47			
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs				
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	49			



707 Whitlock Avenue Building B Suite 21 Marietta, Georgia 30064

> Office: 770.956.6455 Fax: 678.559.0659 www.cpaservice.com



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Mountain Education Center, Inc. Cleveland, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain Education Center, Inc. d/b/a Mountain Education Charter High School ("the School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosure in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

On April 3, 2020 the Governor of Georgia issued a statewide stay home order to all residents of Georgia due to the Covid-19 virus as such the school has not operated any regular class since the date of the order. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability and schedules of contributions to retirement systems, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 16, 2020 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bambo Sonaike CPA, LLC

September 16, 2020

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Management Discussion and Analysis As of June 30, 2020

Introduction

As management of Mountain Education Center, Inc. (the "School"), we offer readers of the School's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview and analysis of the School's financial activities, (c) identify changes in the School's financial position, (d) identify material deviations from the approved budget, and (e) highlight significant issues in individual funds.

Because the information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transaction, events, and conditions, it should be considered in conjunction with the Basic Financial Statements.

Financial highlights

- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$17,929,379.
- The School's assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,219,336 (net position).

Overview of the financial statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the School's asset and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected funding and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School that are principally supported by district, state, and federal funding (governmental activities). Basic instructions, school administration, and food services are examples of the School's governmental activities.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Management Discussion and Analysis As of June 30, 2020

The government-wide financial statements include only the School itself. Comparison of the condensed statement of net position and the statement of activities are provided below.

	Governmental Activities						
	2020			2019		Variance	
ASSETS							
Current and other assets	\$	19,789,230	\$	17,411,106	\$	2,378,124	
Capital assets ^(net)		5,037,375		3,820,443		1,216,932	
Total assets		24,826,605		21,231,549		3,595,056	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		3,526,277		2,541,938		984,339	
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources		28,352,882		23,773,487		4,579,395	
LIABILITIES Current and other liabilities Long term liabilities		1,847,511 7,411,364		1,521,556 6,052,915		325,955 1,358,449	
Total liabilities		9,258,875		7,574,471		1,684,404	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		874,671		579,039		295,632	
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources		10,133,546		8,153,510	_	1,980,036	
NET POSITION							
Investment in capital assets ^(net) Unrestricted (deficit)		5,037,375 13,181,961		3,820,443 11,799,534		1,216,932 1,382,427	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	18,219,336	\$	15,619,977	\$	2,599,359	

	Governmental Activities						
	2020	2020 2019					
REVENUES State passed through State Charter School							
Commission	\$ 26,289,509	\$ 24,238,843	\$ 2,050,666				
Charges for services	1,284	52,026	(50,743)				
Operating grants and contributions	1,007,553	904,178	103,375				
Other revenues	137,182	131,215	5,967				
Total revenues	27,435,527	25,326,262	2,109,265				
EXPENSES							
Basic instruction	9,919,407	10,374,205	(454,798)				
Pupil services	2,158,861	2,394,149	(235,288)				
Improvement of instructional services	2,799,499	1,118,010	1,681,489				
Federal grant administration	-	1,041	(1,041)				
School administration	6,148,259	5,587,708	560,551				
General administration	44,026	87,887	(43,861)				
Support services - central	521,578	411,922	109,656				
Support services - business	1,318,918	1,230,051	88,867				
Operation of school	1,381,005	863,460	517,545				
Instructional staff training	113,859	65,484	48,375				
Food services	295,641	413,189	(117,548)				
Transportation	135,115	234,426	(99,311)				
Total expenses	24,836,168	22,781,532	2,054,636				
Change in net position	\$ 2,599,359	\$ 2,544,730	\$ 54,629				

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities of objectives. The School, like state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the operations of the School are presented in governmental funds only.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Management Discussion and Analysis As of June 30, 2020

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both of the governmental fund financial statements provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains individual government funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be the School's only major fund. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$18,219,336 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

A portion of the School's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., furniture, fixtures and equipment, and leasehold improvements), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The School uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School's investment in its capital assets is reported net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Financial analysis of the Government's Funds

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a School's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The general fund is the main operating fund of the School. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$17,929,379.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School's actual revenues were higher than budget revenues by \$3,470,110 mainly due the School's QBE funding and supplemental revenue being higher than budgeted. Actual expenditures were above budgeted expenditures by \$1,417,940 due mainly to the School's overall operating expenses being higher than budgeted.

Capital Asset

The School investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of June 30, 2020 amounts to \$5,037,375.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Management Discussion and Analysis As of June 30, 2020

Long term debt

The School's long term debt including pension and OPEB liabilities for its governmental type activities as of June 30, 2020, amounts to \$7,411,364. Additional information on the School's long term debt can be found in note below.

Contacting the School's financial management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2020

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$ 19,496,116
Prepaids and other assets	12,340
Accounts receivable (note 5)	280,774
Capital assets ^{(net) (note 3)}	5,037,375
Total assets	24,826,605
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Related to defined benefit pension plans (note 8)	2,448,232
Related to defined benefit OPEB plans (note 9)	1,078,045
Total deferred outflow of resources	3,526,277
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable & accrued expenses (note 4)	1,847,511
Net pension liability (note 8)	4,714,683
Net OPEB liability (note 9)	2,696,681

DI	ΞF	EF	RF	RED	IN	IFL	0	W OF	RE	SO	U	R	CES
_				_		_	_			_			(note 8)

Related to defined benefit pension plans (note o)	201,153
Related to defined benefit OPEB plans (note 9)	673,518
Total deferred inflow of resources	874.671

9,258,875

NET POSITION

Total liabilities

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	5,037,375
Unrestricted (deficit)	13,181,961
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 18,219,336

The accompanying notes are an integral part to these financial statements.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Statement of Activities For the period ended June 30, 2020

		F	Program revenues	i	
Governmental Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets
Basic instruction Pupil services Improvement of instructional services School administration General administration Support services - central Support services - business Operation of school Instructional staff training Food services Transportation Media services Total governmental activities	9,919,407 2,158,861 2,799,499 6,148,259 44,026 521,578 1,318,918 1,381,005 113,859 295,641 135,115 - \$ 24,836,168	\$	\$ 11,117,662 20,000 - 1,319,541 - 271,587 - 568,538 58,081 - - 239,792 \$ 13,595,201	- - - - - -	\$ 1,198,255 (2,138,861) (2,799,499) (4,828,718) (44,026) (249,991) (1,318,918) (812,467) (55,778) (295,641) (135,115) 239,792 \$ (11,240,967)
	General revenues State passed thro Charges for service Operating grants Other revenues and	12,694,308 1,284 1,007,553 137,182 13,840,326			
	Change in net pos Net position (defic		2,599,359 15,619,977		
	Net position (defic	it) - end of the ye	ear		\$ 18,219,336

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Capital Asset Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$ 19,496,116	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,496,116
Prepaids and other assets	12,340	-	-	12,340
Accounts receivable (note 5)	280,774			280,774
Total assets	19,789,230	-	-	19,789,230
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable & accrued expenses (note 4)	1,847,511	-	-	1,847,511
Total liabilities	1,847,511			1,847,511
FUND BALANCES				
Non-spendable	12,340	-	-	12,340
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	17,929,379			17,929,379
Total fund balances	17,941,719			17,941,719
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 19,789,230	\$ -	-	\$ 19,789,230
			<u> </u>	

Mountain Education Center, Inc.

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds with Statement of Net Position

As of June 30, 2020

Total Fund balances - Governmental funds	\$	17,941,719
The amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land and Building Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated depreciation		4,708,784 910,841 (582,250)
Total capital assets		5,037,375
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	1	(4,714,683) (2,696,681)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		3,526,277 (874,671)
Net flow of resources		2,651,606
Total Net position (deficit) - Governmental activities	\$	18,219,336

The accompanying notes are an integral part to these financial statements.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the period ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES	G	eneral Fund	Ca	pital Asset Funds	Debt Service Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
State passed through State Charter School Commission	\$	26,289,509	\$	-	\$ -	\$	26,289,509
Operating grants and contributions		1,007,553		-	-		1,007,553
Charges for services		1,284		-	-		1,284
Other revenues		137,182		-	-		137,182
Total revenues		27,435,527		_	-		27,435,527
EXPENDITURES							
Basic instruction		9,179,479		-	-		9,179,479
Pupil services		2,158,861		-	-		2,158,861
Improvement of instructional services		2,799,499		-	-		2,799,499
School administration		6,012,589		-	-		6,012,589
General administration		44,026		-	-		44,026
Support services - central		521,578		-	-		521,578
Support services - business		1,318,918		-	-		1,318,918
Operation of school		1,381,005		-	-		1,381,005
Instructional staff training		113,859		-	-		113,859
Food services		295,641		-	-		295,641
Transportation		135,115		-	-		135,115
Capital outlay		-		1,422,787			1,422,787
Total expenditures		23,960,570		1,422,787	-		25,383,357
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		3,474,957		(1,422,787)	-		2,052,170
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers		(1,422,787)		1,422,787	-		-
Net change in fund balance		2,052,170			-	_	2,052,170
Fund balances at beginning of the year		15,889,549		-	-		15,889,549
Fund balances at end of the year	\$	17,941,719	\$	-	\$ -	\$	17,941,719
	-					_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part to these financial statements.

Mountain Education Center, Inc.

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance with the Statement of Activities
June 30, 2020

Total net change in fund balances- Government funds	\$	2,052,170
The amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense		1,422,787 (205,856)
Total		1,216,931
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.)	
Change in Pension related accounts Change in OPEB related accounts		(496,696) (173,046)
Total change in net position- Governmental activities	\$	2,599,359

1. Organization

Mountain Education Center, Inc. (a Georgia 501 (c) (3) Corporation) (the School), provides educational services to students in grades 9-12. The School is authorized to serve a approximately 1,900 students at any point during the charter term. The governing body of the School is the Board of Directors, which is currently comprised of 11 members. Information presented in these financial statements only reflects the financial position and activities of the School.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in O.C.G.A. (Official Code of Georgia Annotated) 20-2-2060, Georgia Statutes. The School operates under a 10-year charter sponsored by State Charter Schools Commission (the "Commission"). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2023. At the end of the charter's term, the Charter may be renewed by agreement of the School and the Commission following the procedures set forth in the Charter Schools Act and accompanying Commissions' rules.

During the term of charter, the Commission may terminate the charter following the procedures set forth in the Charter School Act and rule of the State Board of Education.

2. Significant accounting policies

The accompanying financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of presentation

The School's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements of the Mountain Education Center. Inc.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School, except for fiduciary activities. As part of the consolidation process, all interfold activities are eliminated from these statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

 Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

- Restricted net position consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School related to the administration and support of the School's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.
- Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services
 offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting
 the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not
 classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

• General Fund is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Basis of accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, with the exception of the School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. These collective amounts have been allocated by the pension plan based on actual contributions made to the plan during the measurement period to actuarially determine the proportionate share to each participating employer. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to finance the program. It is the School's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

Net position

The School's net position in the Government-wide Financial Statements is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets

This represents the School's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position

This represents resources for which the School is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted net position

Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the School, and may be used at the discretion of the Board to meet current expenses for those purposes.

Fund balances

The School's fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable

These are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted

These are amounts with limitations imposed on their use by external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed

These are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned

These are amounts that are constrained by the School's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned</u>

These are amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. This is the residual classification for the general fund.

Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Concentrations of credit risks

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than Federal or State government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2020, the School's cash and cash equivalent accounts were insured or collateralized as required by State statutes.

Collateralization of Deposits

Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be a deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110 percent of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (OCGA 45-8-13.1), the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall

be not less than 110 percent of the daily pool balance. Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- 1. Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia
- 2. Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
- 3. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia
- 4. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia
- 5. Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose
- 6. Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia
- 7. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

The School adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. The budget is prepared in accordance with provisions of the Quality Basic Education Act, OCGA Section 20-2-167. After the School has tentatively adopted the budget, such budget is advertised at least one time in a local newspaper of general circulation. At the next regular meeting of the Board after advertisement, the budget is revised as necessary and adopted as the final budget. The detail of the fiscal year budget is outlined in the supplemental section of the financial statement.

Capital assets

Capital assets purchased, including capital outlay costs, are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements at the time of purchase. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 per unit and an estimated useful life of more than 1 year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Disposals are deleted at depreciated recorded cost.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. During the fiscal year under review, no events or changes in circumstances affecting a capital asset that may indicate impairment were known to the School.

The estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Estimated Useful
Asset Class	Life (years)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 10
Building	40

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources and payments of debt principal as other financing uses.

Revenue sources and recognition

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the State of Georgia through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 20-2-2060, Georgia Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 20-2-2060, Georgia Statutes, the District reports the number of FTE students and related data to the Georgia Department of Education (GDOE) for funding. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect revised calculations by the GDOE under the Georgia Education Finance Program and actual weighted FTE students reported by the School during designated FTE student survey periods.

The School receives federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. This assistance is generally based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. These federal awards may have eligibility requirements whereby the issuance of grant funds is withheld until qualifying expenditures are incurred. Revenues for these awards are recognized only to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Under the full accrual method of accounting, the School has reported the contributions to the cost sharing benefit pension plans subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the fiscal year end as deferred outflows of resources. The School has also reported the actuarial changes in the School's proportionate share of the governmental non-employer cost sharing benefit pension plan, as discussed in note below.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not

be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Under the full accrual method of accounting, the School has reported the actuarial changes in the School's proportionate share of the governmental non-employer cost sharing benefit pension plan, as discussed in note below. This item is reported only in the Statement of Net Position.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and additions to/deductions from ERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The School considers critical accounting policies to be those that require more significant judgments and estimates in the preparation of its financial statements. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that it believes are reasonable under the particular facts and circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Tax

The School is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(C) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The School is also exempt from Georgia income taxes and, therefore, has made no provision for federal or Georgia income taxes. In addition, the Internal Revenue Service has determined that the Organization is not a "private foundation" within the meaning of Section 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Budgetary Data

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is

prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

3. Capital assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2019	Additions	Dispositions	Balance at June 30, 2020
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 53,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,750
Total non-depreciable assets	53,750	-	-	53,750
Capital assets depreciated:				
Land improvements	3,335,033	816,030	-	4,151,063
Building and improvements	503,971	-	-	503,971
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	304,084	606,757	-	910,841
Total assets depreciated	4,143,088	1,422,787		5,565,875
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building and improvements	(114,349)	(1,024)	-	(115,373)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(262,046)	(204,831)		(466,877)
Total accumulated depreciation	(376,395)	(205,855)	-	(582,250)
Total governmental activities				
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,820,443			\$ 5,037,375

Depreciation expense was recorded in the statement of activities as follows:

Basic Instruction	\$ 70,186
School Administration	135,671
Total Depreciation expense	\$ 205,857

4. Accounts payable and accrued expensesAs of June 30, 2020, accounts payable consist of the following:

Accrued salaries & benefits Accounts payable Other payables	\$ 718,672 385,913 742,926
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,847,511

5. Accounts receivable

As of June 30, 2020, accounts receivable consist of the following:

Title I Grant to Local Educational Agencies	\$ 78,452
Title II Grant - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	73,336
Title IV-A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	10,280
Special Education - Grants to States	39,000
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	47,604
Other receivable	32,102
Total accounts receivable	\$ 280,774

6. Concentrations - Revenue sources

As stated in Note 2, the School receives revenues for current operations primarily from the State of Georgia through the District. The following is a schedule of revenue sources and amounts:

Sources	
State passed through State Charter School Commission - Quality Basic Education	\$ 26,289,509
Total QBE funds	 26,289,509
Operating grants: Title I Grant to Local Educational Agencies Special Education - Grants to States Title II Grant - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Title III-A, Language Instruction for English Learners Title IV-A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant Child nutrition program Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant to States Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	572,572 248,208 108,173 1,029 12,787 1,304 15,876 47,604
Total operating grants	1,007,553
Other revenues: Charges for services Interest income Fundraising, donations and other revenue	 1,284 35,244 101,938
Total revenues	\$ 27,435,527

7. Commitments and contingencies

Federal and state grants

The School participates in federal and state grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the School, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

8. Retirement Benefits

The School participates in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) and Employee Retirement System of Georgia (ERS) retirement plan administered by the State of Georgia. TRS and ERS issue separate publicly available financial reports that include the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained from the respective administrative offices.

Plan description: –All teachers of the school as defined in §47-3-60 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

General Information about the Employees Retirement System

Plan description: ERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Benefits provided: The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). Employees under the old plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982 and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982 but prior to January 1, 2009 are new plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009 also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Under the old plan, the new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00 % of their annual pay during fiscal year 2020. The school's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 21.14% of annual school's payroll (excluding payroll attributable to those personnel funded on behalf of the School by the State). School contributions to TRS (excluding contributions funded by the State on behalf of the School) were \$677,164 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Contributions: Member contributions under the old ERS plan are 4% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200, plus 6% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200. Under the old plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the old plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The Agency's total required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 24.78% of annual covered payroll for old and new plan members and 21.76% for GSEPS members. The rates include the annual actuarially determined employer contribution rate of 24.66% of annual covered payroll for old and new plan members and 21.64% for GSEPS members, plus a 0.12% adjustment for the HB 751 one-time benefit

adjustment of 3% to retired state employees. The Agency's contributions to ERS totaled \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School reported a liability of \$4,714,683 and \$0 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS and ERS respectively that reflected a reduction for support attributable to those personnel funded on behalf of the School by the State. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS and ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the School's proportion was 0.021926 % and 0.0%, which was an increase of 0.003333 % and decrease of 0.003660% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018 for TRS and ERS respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School recognized pension expense of \$1,227,547 and (\$37,640) for TRS and ERS respectively. At June 30, 2020, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRS				I	ERS		
	Out	eferred flows of sources		rred Inflows Resources	Out	eferred flows of sources		red Inflows esources
Differences between excepted and actual experience	\$	265,744	\$	1,398	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		452,435		-		2,977		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		112,271		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1	,049,912		-		-		87,484
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date		677,164		-		-		-
Total	\$ 2	,445,255	\$	113,669	\$	2,977	\$	87,484

School contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$677,164 for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		TRS		ERS
Year ended	`	(Outflow) / Inflow of		Outflow) / Inflow of
June 30,	re	esources	re	sources
2021	\$	606,014	\$	(51,701)
2022	\$	352,683	\$	(32,806)
2023	\$	409,595	\$	-
2024	\$	286,130	\$	-
2025	\$	-	\$	-
Thereafter	\$	_	\$	_

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00 - 8.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increase 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014, with the exception of the long-term assumed rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		TRS		ERS
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	-0.10%	30.00%	-0.10%
Domestic large equities	51.00%	8.90%	46.20%	8.90%
Domestic small equities	1.50%	13.20%	1.30%	13.20%
International developed market equities	12.40%	8.90%	12.40%	8.90%
International emerging market equities	5.10%	10.90%	5.10%	10.90%
Alternatives	0.00%	0.00%	5.00%	12.00%
Total	100.00%		100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.50% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 %. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 %, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 %) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 %) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current discount rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
School's proportion of the net pension liability	\$ 7,653,310	\$ 4,714,683	\$2,298,087
Employees' Retirement System	1% Decrease (6.30%)	Current discount rate (7.30%)	1% Increase (8.30%)
School's proportion of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at www.trsga.com/publications.

Payables to the pension plan: As of June 30, 2020 \$0 in accounts payable to the pension plan was recorded in the statement of net assets.

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health benefit Fund

Plan description: -Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a

Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and noncertified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School were \$83,970 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the School reported a liability of \$2,696,681 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the School's proportion was 0.021974%, which was an increase of 0.002688 % from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$118,340. At June 30, 2020, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	ln	Deferred of sources
Differences between excepted and actual experience	\$ -	\$	293,371
Changes of assumptions	93,651		380,147
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5,873		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School contributions and proportionate share of contributions	894,551		-
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date	83,970		-
Total	\$ 1,078,045	\$	673,518

School contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$83,970 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	(Outflow) Inflow of resources		
2021	\$	64,054	
2022	\$	64,054	
2023	\$	63,828	
2024	\$	62,375	
2025	\$	49,011	
2026	\$	17,235	
Thereafter	\$	-	

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019:

Inflation rate 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25 – 8.75%, including inflation

.ong-term expected rate of return 7.30%, compounded annually, net of

investment expense, and including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rate

Pre-Medicare Eligible 7.250% Medicare Eligible 5.375%

Ultimate trend rate

Pre-Medicare Eligible 4.75% Medicare Eligible 4.75%

Year of Ultimate trend rate

Pre-Medicare Eligible 2028 Medicare Eligible 2022

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014, and adopted by the pension Board on December 17, 2015. The next experience study for TRS will be for the period ending June 30, 2018.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. During the fiscal year 2018, the School OPEB fund updated their investment strategy to a more long-term approach. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	OPEB Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (net of inflation)
Fixed income Domestic Stocks - Large Cap Domestic Stocks - Small Cap International Stock - Developed Mkt International Stock - Emerging Mkt Alternatives	30.00% 46.20% 1.30% 12.40% 5.10% 5.00%	-0.50% 8.90% 13.20% 8.90% 10.90% 12.00%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 3.87% to 3.58%. In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.50% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2119. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's

fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2026. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.58% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.58%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current discount rate:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	dis	scount rate	19	% Increase
	(2.58%)		(3.58%)		(4.58%)	
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,134,434	\$	2,696,681	\$	2,340,589

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current					
	Healthcare					
	Cost Trend					
	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,271,669	\$	2,696,681	\$	3,236,480

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at: https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

Changes of benefit terms: In the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicare-eligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Changes in assumptions: In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership, and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies. In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

10. Concentration of risk and uncertainty

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and acts of God. The School has obtained commercial insurance for risk of loss associated with torts, assets, errors or omissions, job related illness or injuries to employees and acts of God.

The School elects to pay unemployment insurance taxes using the contributory method. Taxes are paid quarterly to the Georgia Department of Labor using a set rate based on historical experience.

On April 3, 2020 the Governor of Georgia issued a statewide stay home order to all residents of Georgia due to the Covid-19 virus as such the school has not operated any regular class since the date of the order.

11. Inherent limitation in evaluating the entity's ability to continue as a going concern

The potential effects of inherent limitations on the ability to detect material misstatements are greater for future events or conditions, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. Predictions cannot be made about such future conditions or events. Accordingly, the absence of any reference to substantial doubts about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time in the accompanying financial statements cannot be viewed as a guarantee of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

12. Subsequent events

The School evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The School is not aware of any subsequent events which would require recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia and Employees Retirement System of Georgia June 30, 2020

Teachers Retirem	<u> </u>	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016			
School's proportion of the net pension liability		0.021926%	0.018593%	0.014607%	0.013216%	0.012083%			
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,714,683	\$3,451,259	\$4,579,075	\$2,726,608	\$1,839,517			
School's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,203,236	\$2,671,698	\$2,214,597	\$1,660,498	\$1,448,549			
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		147.18%	129.18%	206.77%	164.20%	126.99%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.56%	80.27%	79.33%	76.06%	81.44%			
Employees Retirement System of Georgia									

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.000000%	0	.003660%	0	.003339%	0	.003657%	0	.003621%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$	150,464	\$	135,608	\$	172,991	\$	146,701
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ -	\$	-	\$	79,741	\$	89,303	\$	85,024
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		170.06%		193.71%		172.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.74%		76.68%		76.33%		72.34%		76.20%

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Net OPEB Liability - Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund June 30, 2020

	2020	2019
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.021974%	0.019286%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,696,681 \$	2,451,192
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,203,236 \$	2,671,698
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	84.19%	91.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	4.63%	2.93%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Schedule of Contributions - Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia and Employees Retirement System of Georgia June 30, 2020

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia

Year Ended	Contractually required contribution		relation to the def			cy covered- per		eficiency covered- p		covered-	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2020	\$	677,164	\$ 677,164	\$	-		\$	3,203,236	21.14%		
2019	\$	558,385	\$ 558,385	\$	-		\$	2,671,698	20.90%		
2018	\$	372,274	\$ 372,274	\$	-		\$	2,214,597	16.81%		
2017	\$	236,953	\$ 236,953	\$	-		\$	1,660,498	14.27%		
2016	\$	206,708	\$ 206,708	\$	-		\$	1,448,549	14.27%		
2015	\$	167,784	\$ 167,784	\$	-		\$	1,275,923	13.15%		
2014	\$	132,672	\$ 132,672	\$	-		\$	1,080,392	12.28%		
2013	\$	101,765	\$ 101,765	\$	-		\$	891,896	11.41%		
2012	\$	78,636	\$ 78,636	\$	-		\$	764,941	10.28%		
2011	\$	67,119	\$ 67,119	\$	-		\$	652,907	10.28%		
2010	\$	39,863	\$ 39,863	\$	-		\$	409,269	9.74%		
2009	\$	43,415	\$ 43,415	\$	-	•	\$	467,836	9.28%		

Employees Retirement System of Georgia

	Year Ended	Contractuall required contribution		Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			Contribution deficiency (excess)	е	CO	hool's /ered- /ee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
•	2020	\$		\$	-	\$	-	(\$	-	0.00%
	2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	(\$	-	0.00%
	2018	\$	19,688	\$	19,688	\$	-	(\$	79,741	24.69%
	2017	\$	22,156	\$	22,156	\$	-	(\$	89,303	24.81%
	2016	\$	21,018	\$	21,018	\$	-	(\$	85,024	24.72%
	2015	\$	18,179	\$	18,179	\$	-	(\$	82,782	21.96%
	2014	\$	15,282	\$	15,282	\$	-	(\$	82,782	18.46%
	2013	\$	12,106	\$	12,106	\$	-	(\$	81,249	14.90%
	2012	\$	7,807	\$	7,807	\$	-	(\$	67,131	11.63%
	2011	\$	7,807	\$	7,807	\$	-	(\$	74,998	10.41%

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Schedule of Contributions - Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund June 30, 2020

		2020		2010
	_	2020	_	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	83,970	\$	118,340
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		83,970		118,340
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-
School's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,203,236	\$	2,671,698
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.62%		4.43%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund For the period ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget			Actual	,	Variance
REVENUES		_		_		_
State passed through State Charter School Commission	\$	22,858,494	\$	26,289,509	\$	3,431,015
Supplemental revenue		1,106,923		1,146,018		39,095
Total revenue		23,965,417		27,435,527		3,470,110
EXPENDITURES						
Basic instruction		11,457,500		9,179,479		(2,278,021)
Pupil services		2,156,185		2,158,861		2,676
Improvement of instructional services		1,254,500		2,799,499		1,544,999
Federal grant administration		1,500		-		(1,500)
School administration		5,196,775		6,012,589		815,814
General administration		782,800		44,026		(738,774)
Support services - central		81,707		521,578		439,871
Support services - business		1,608,420		1,318,918		(289,502)
Operation of school		954,930		1,381,005		426,075
Instructional staff training		-		113,859		113,859
Food services		402,100		295,641		(106,459)
Transportation		69,000		135,115		66,115
Capital outlay		-		1,422,787		1,422,787
Total expenditures		23,965,417		25,383,357		1,417,940
Net change in fund balances		-		2,052,170		2,052,170
Fund balances at beginning of the year		15,889,549		15,889,549		-
Fund balances at end of the year	\$	15,889,549	\$	17,941,719	\$	2,052,170
	_				_	

Mountain Education Center, Inc.

Note to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund
Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund
For the period ended June 30, 2020

1. Budgetary Information

Budgetary basis of accounting

Annual budgets are adopted for the entire operations at the combined governmental level and may be amended by the board of directors (the "Board"). The budgets presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 have been amended according to Board procedures. Budgets are adopted in full accrual basis accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards For the period ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Pass-throu CFDA Entity Identif Number Number		Federal Expenditures	Pass- through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education: Pass-through from Georgia Department of Education:				
Title I Grant to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A190010	\$ 572,572	\$
Title II Grant - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A190001	108,173	
Title III-A, Language Instruction for English Learners	84.365	S365A190010	1,029	
Title IV-A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	84.424	S424A19001	12,787	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant to States	84.048	V048A190010	15,876	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425	S425D200012	47,604	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	H173A190081	248,208	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,006,249	
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Pass-through from Georgia Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster - National School Lunch Program	10.555	205GA324N1099	1,304	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,304	
Total Federal Awards			\$ 1,007,553	\$

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Notes to the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards For the period ended June 30, 2020

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Mountain Education Center, Inc. (the "School") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Organization, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net assets, or cash flows of the Organization.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable are limited as to reimbursement.

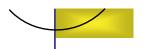
3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Organization has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



707 Whitlock Avenue Building B Suite 21 Marietta, Georgia 30064

> Office: 770-956-6455 Fax: 678-559-0659 www.cpa-service.com



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Mountain Education Center, Inc. Cleveland, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain Education Center, Inc. ("the School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 16, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on

compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

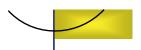
Bambo Sonaike CPA, LLC

September 16, 2020



707 Whitlock Avenue Building B Suite 21 Marietta, Georgia 30064

> Office: 770-956-6455 Fax: 678-559-0659 www.cpa-service.com



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Mountain Education Center, Inc. Cleveland, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mountain Education Center, Inc.'s (the School) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Organization's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Organization's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Organization's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Organization's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Mountain Education Center, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Organization is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Organization's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bambo Sonaike CPA, LLC

September 16, 2020

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the period ended June 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Result

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial Un-modified statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: opinion

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?

No

Federal Awards

programs:

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal Un-modified programs: opinion

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200?

Identification of major federal programs:

Title II Grant - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants
Title IV-A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant

Special Education Cluster
Special Education - Grants to States

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B

\$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as a low risk auditee? Yes

Section II - Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

There were no reportable conditions identified to be material weakness.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings & Questioned Costs

There were no reportable conditions identified to be material weakness.

Mountain Education Center, Inc. Schedule of Expenditure of State Awards For the period ended June 30, 2020

		Amo	ount (due to)
Revenues	Expenditures	/ fro	m Agency
\$ 572,572	\$ 572,572	\$	78,452
108,173	108,173		73,336
1,029	1,029		-
12,787	12,787		10,280
15,876	15,876		-
47,604	47,604		47,604
248,208	248,208		39,000
1,304	1,304		-
 1,007,553	1,007,553		248,672
\$ 1,007,553	\$ 1,007,553	\$	248,672
	108,173 1,029 12,787 15,876 47,604 248,208 1,304 1,007,553	\$ 572,572 \$ 572,572 108,173 108,173 1,029 1,029 12,787 12,787 15,876 15,876 47,604 47,604 248,208 248,208 1,304 1,304 1,007,553 1,007,553	Revenues Expenditures / from the following states and the following states are states as a second state and the following states are states as a second state are states are states as a second state are states as a second state are states are states as a second state are states

-End of Report-